Name:		
Recitation time:	Rec. instructor:	

MATH 221 - Midterm 2 October 22, 2019

- This exam contains 8 pages (including this cover page) and 7 questions.
- No books, calculators, or notes are allowed. You must show all your work to get credit for your answers.
- You have 1 hour and 15 minutes to complete the exam.

Question	Points	Score
1	14	
2	14	
3	15	
4	14	
5	14	
6	15	
7	14	
Total:	100	

$$\cosh^{2}(x) - \sinh^{2}(x) = 1, \quad \cosh^{2}(x) = \frac{1 + \cosh(2x)}{2}, \quad \sinh(2x) = 2\sinh(x)\cosh(x)$$

$$\frac{d}{dx}(\sinh x) = \cosh x, \quad \frac{d}{dx}(\cosh x) = \sinh x, \quad \frac{d}{dx}(\tanh x) = \operatorname{sech}^{2}x$$

$$\frac{d}{dx}(\coth x) = -\operatorname{csch}^{2}x, \quad \frac{d}{dx}(\operatorname{sech}x) = -\operatorname{sech}x \tanh x, \quad \frac{d}{dx}(\operatorname{csch}x) = -\operatorname{csch}x \coth x$$

$$\frac{d}{dx}(\sinh^{-1}x) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 + x^{2}}}, \quad \frac{d}{dx}(\cosh^{-1}x) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{x^{2} - 1}}, \quad \frac{d}{dx}(\tanh^{-1}x) = \frac{1}{1 - x^{2}}$$

$$\frac{d}{dx}(\operatorname{sech}^{-1}x) = \frac{-1}{x\sqrt{1 - x^{2}}}, \quad \frac{d}{dx}(\coth^{-1}x) = \frac{1}{1 - x^{2}}, \quad \frac{d}{dx}(\operatorname{csch}^{-1}x) = \frac{-1}{|x|\sqrt{1 + x^{2}}}$$

$$M_{x} = \frac{\rho}{2} \int_{a}^{b} f(x)^{2} - g(x)^{2} dx \qquad M_{y} = \rho \int_{a}^{b} x(f(x) - g(x)) dx$$

1. (a) (6 points) Write an integral that calculates the length of the curve $y = x + \sin x$, $0 \le x \le \pi$. Do not evaluate the integral.

(b) (8 points) Find the surface area of the surface obtained by rotating the curve $y = \sqrt{x}$, $1 \le x \le 4$ around the x-axis. **Evaluate** the integral.

2. (14 points) Find the center of mass (centroid) (\bar{x}, \bar{y}) of the region bounded by $y = e^{-x}$, x = 0, x = 1 and the x-axis.

3. (a) (7 points) A spring requires 10 J to stretch it 2 m from its rest length. How much work is required to stretch the spring from 2 m to 4 m from its rest length?

(b) (8 points) Find the work required to pump all the liquid out of a cylindrical tank that has a base of radius 10 ft and height 50 ft. Use the fact that the density of the liquid is $\rho lb/ft^3$.

- 4. Evaluate the following
 - (a) (7 points) $\frac{d}{dx} \tanh^{-1}(\sin(x^2))$, where \tanh^{-1} is the inverse function of \tanh .

(b) (7 points) $\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{9+x^2}} dx$, using the substitution $x = 3 \sinh \theta$.

5. Consider the differential equation

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = x^3 y^2.$$

(a) (3 points) Find the constant solutions.

(b) (8 points) Find the general solution to the differential equation

(c) (3 points) Find the particular solution satisfying y(0) = 2.

6. (a) (7 points) Evaluate the limit of the sequence $\lim_{n} \frac{\ln(n)}{n^2}$.

(b) (8 points) Use the squeeze theorem to calculate $\lim_{n} \frac{2n - \cos(n)}{n}$.

7. Evaluate the series:

(a) (7 points)
$$\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n 5 + 2^n}{3^n}$$

(b) (7 points)
$$\sum_{n=3}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n(n-1)}$$