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E3272AAD-830B-4ECC-9AF9-17B4A876FF35



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96DD6C56-7409-4F84-9DBD-DB7236730EEA Applied Math QE I August 2016 #1 3 of 18



1. (10 pts)

The standard five-point stencil approximation of the Laplacian on a square grid using row-by-row ordering takes the block form

$$L = \frac{1}{h^2} \begin{bmatrix} T & I & & \\ I & T & I & \\ & \ddots & \ddots & \ddots & \\ & & I & T & I \\ & & & I & T \end{bmatrix},$$

where h is the space between grid points, I is the identity matrix, and T is the matrix

$$T = \begin{bmatrix} -4 & 1 & & \\ 1 & -4 & 1 & & \\ & \ddots & \ddots & \ddots & \\ & & 1 & -4 & 1 \\ & & & 1 & -4 \end{bmatrix}$$

(a) Show that L is negative semidefinite.

(b) Prove that there exists a constant c > 0 (independent of h) such that every eigenvalue λ of L satisfies $|\lambda| \leq c/h^2$.

11FFFF1D-C94C-4243-8BEA-DEB680A1C4C8



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2. (10 pts)

Let A be the product

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 0 & 1 \\ 1 & -2 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 3 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ -1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}.$$

(a) Find the four spaces R(A), N(A), $R(A^T)$, $N(A^T)$ (the range and nullspace of A and A^T).

(b) Find the singular values of A.

4148B7D4-37D8-4640-A9A8-262D0EB1DD54



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3. (10 pts)

Let A be a full-rank $m \times n$ real matrix with $m \ge n$.

(a) Show that the system

$$\begin{bmatrix} I & A \\ A^T & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} r \\ x \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} b \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

has a unique solution $(r^T, x^T)^T$.

(b) Show that the x from (a) minimizes $||Ax - b||_2$.

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AF9777F1-FC85-40D9-BEE2-454441FEF874 Applied Math QE I August 2016 #1 9 of 18



4. (10 pts)

(a) State the definition of complete orthonormal set in a Hilbert space.

(b) Provide an example of a complete orthonormal set in $L^2((0,1) \times (0,1)).$

05C01DEB-34E8-4525-9266-2F5B33550BB6



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5. (10 pts)

Show that the sequence of functions $\{f_n\}_{n\in\mathbb{N}}$, where

$$f_n(x) = \frac{n}{2} e^{-n|x|}, \ x \in \mathbb{R},$$

is a (Dirac) delta sequence.

98262E77-5C68-44E7-A656-78AB9EED728E



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6. (10 pts)

Let $K: L^2(0,1) \to L^2(0,1)$ be the following operator:

$$Ku(x) = \int_0^1 u(y) \, dy.$$

(a) Show that K is a self-adjoint compact operator. Provide direct proofs based on the definitions of self-adjointness and compactness of an operator.

Consider the integral equation

$$u(x) - \lambda \int_0^1 u(y) \, dy = f(x),$$

where λ is a real number.

(b) Derive necessary and sufficient conditions on λ and $f \in L^2(0, 1)$ for the existence of solutions for this equation.

(c) Derive necessary and sufficient conditions on λ and $f \in L^2(0, 1)$ for the uniqueness of solutions for this equation. 5D6DBF95-6325-4F2B-B204-987D1184DEDC



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36A1B7C1-33C0-4F1D-885E-2A6A4F8D0233 Applied Math QE I August 2016 #2 3 of 18



1. (10 pts)

The standard five-point stencil approximation of the Laplacian on a square grid using row-by-row ordering takes the block form

$$L = \frac{1}{h^2} \begin{bmatrix} T & I & & \\ I & T & I & \\ & \ddots & \ddots & \ddots & \\ & & I & T & I \\ & & & I & T \end{bmatrix},$$

where h is the space between grid points, I is the identity matrix, and T is the matrix

$$T = \begin{bmatrix} -4 & 1 & & & \\ 1 & -4 & 1 & & \\ & \ddots & \ddots & \ddots & \\ & & 1 & -4 & 1 \\ & & & 1 & -4 \end{bmatrix}$$

(a) Show that L is negative semidefinite.

(b) Prove that there exists a constant c > 0 (independent of h) such that every eigenvalue λ of L satisfies $|\lambda| \leq c/h^2$.

6600EDBB-BA54-4A35-8089-BECA4E920ED1



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2. (10 pts)

Let A be the product

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 0 & 1 \\ 1 & -2 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 3 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ -1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}.$$

(a) Find the four spaces R(A), N(A), $R(A^T)$, $N(A^T)$ (the range and nullspace of A and A^T).

(b) Find the singular values of A.

4F26AC57-CD4E-4C72-B4B5-E0202EBF077D



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3. (10 pts)

Let A be a full-rank $m \times n$ real matrix with $m \ge n$.

(a) Show that the system

$$\begin{bmatrix} I & A \\ A^T & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} r \\ x \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} b \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

has a unique solution $(r^T, x^T)^T$.

(b) Show that the x from (a) minimizes $||Ax - b||_2$.

73E1ACF2-FFBE-4EE9-9CFF-51E90FE26009



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4. (10 pts)

(a) State the definition of complete orthonormal set in a Hilbert space.

(b) Provide an example of a complete orthonormal set in $L^2((0,1) \times (0,1)).$

75A8AA3B-7612-43FF-9887-FFA82AA417D7



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5. (10 pts)

Show that the sequence of functions $\{f_n\}_{n\in\mathbb{N}}$, where

$$f_n(x) = \frac{n}{2} e^{-n|x|}, \ x \in \mathbb{R},$$

is a (Dirac) delta sequence.

5485C2C0-4808-4094-867F-CCF100A0DBF4



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6. (10 pts)

Let $K: L^2(0,1) \to L^2(0,1)$ be the following operator:

$$Ku(x) = \int_0^1 u(y) \, dy.$$

(a) Show that K is a self-adjoint compact operator. Provide direct proofs based on the definitions of self-adjointness and compactness of an operator.

Consider the integral equation

$$u(x) - \lambda \int_0^1 u(y) \, dy = f(x),$$

where λ is a real number.

(b) Derive necessary and sufficient conditions on λ and $f \in L^2(0, 1)$ for the existence of solutions for this equation.

(c) Derive necessary and sufficient conditions on λ and $f \in L^2(0, 1)$ for the uniqueness of solutions for this equation. 1132424B-D205-4E09-B1AD-195747CADC7D



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1D83ACA3-DC3C-4EF0-A6C7-6E27791AED04 Applied Math QE I August 2016 #3 3 of 18



1. (10 pts)

The standard five-point stencil approximation of the Laplacian on a square grid using row-by-row ordering takes the block form

$$L = \frac{1}{h^2} \begin{bmatrix} T & I & & \\ I & T & I & \\ & \ddots & \ddots & \ddots & \\ & & I & T & I \\ & & & I & T \end{bmatrix},$$

where h is the space between grid points, I is the identity matrix, and T is the matrix

$$T = \begin{bmatrix} -4 & 1 & & & \\ 1 & -4 & 1 & & \\ & \ddots & \ddots & \ddots & \\ & & 1 & -4 & 1 \\ & & & 1 & -4 \end{bmatrix}$$

(a) Show that L is negative semidefinite.

(b) Prove that there exists a constant c > 0 (independent of h) such that every eigenvalue λ of L satisfies $|\lambda| \leq c/h^2$.

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Let A be the product

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 0 & 1 \\ 1 & -2 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 3 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ -1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}.$$

(a) Find the four spaces R(A), N(A), $R(A^T)$, $N(A^T)$ (the range and nullspace of A and A^T).

(b) Find the singular values of A.

931F8F66-FA9A-4B83-8CC2-D047D0B985C4



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Let A be a full-rank $m \times n$ real matrix with $m \ge n$.

(a) Show that the system

$$\begin{bmatrix} I & A \\ A^T & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} r \\ x \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} b \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

has a unique solution $(r^T, x^T)^T$.

(b) Show that the x from (a) minimizes $||Ax - b||_2$.

CC8728EB-650B-42D7-924F-723A451E6536



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(a) State the definition of complete orthonormal set in a Hilbert space.

(b) Provide an example of a complete orthonormal set in $L^2((0,1) \times (0,1)).$

AD36B7FD-26E7-4E97-AC01-A816E6B47F60



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Show that the sequence of functions $\{f_n\}_{n\in\mathbb{N}}$, where

$$f_n(x) = \frac{n}{2} e^{-n|x|}, \ x \in \mathbb{R},$$

is a (Dirac) delta sequence.

1D6625D3-C344-4C6B-AD91-9914666F8AEA



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Let $K: L^2(0,1) \to L^2(0,1)$ be the following operator:

$$Ku(x) = \int_0^1 u(y) \ dy.$$

(a) Show that K is a self-adjoint compact operator. Provide direct proofs based on the definitions of self-adjointness and compactness of an operator.

Consider the integral equation

$$u(x) - \lambda \int_0^1 u(y) \, dy = f(x),$$

where λ is a real number.

(b) Derive necessary and sufficient conditions on λ and $f \in L^2(0, 1)$ for the existence of solutions for this equation.

(c) Derive necessary and sufficient conditions on λ and $f \in L^2(0, 1)$ for the uniqueness of solutions for this equation. 0C907272-280D-4ED0-905E-C474E15EBB92



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FB373BB1-2D00-47C7-ACE5-FEEFC970B3DD Applied Math QE I August 2016 #4 3 of 18



1. (10 pts)

The standard five-point stencil approximation of the Laplacian on a square grid using row-by-row ordering takes the block form

$$L = \frac{1}{h^2} \begin{bmatrix} T & I & & \\ I & T & I & \\ & \ddots & \ddots & \ddots & \\ & & I & T & I \\ & & & I & T \end{bmatrix},$$

where h is the space between grid points, I is the identity matrix, and T is the matrix

$$T = \begin{bmatrix} -4 & 1 & & \\ 1 & -4 & 1 & & \\ & \ddots & \ddots & \ddots & \\ & & 1 & -4 & 1 \\ & & & 1 & -4 \end{bmatrix}$$

(a) Show that L is negative semidefinite.

(b) Prove that there exists a constant c > 0 (independent of h) such that every eigenvalue λ of L satisfies $|\lambda| \leq c/h^2$.

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Let A be the product

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 0 & 1 \\ 1 & -2 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 3 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ -1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}.$$

(a) Find the four spaces R(A), N(A), $R(A^T)$, $N(A^T)$ (the range and nullspace of A and A^T).

(b) Find the singular values of A.

3196BA92-3FF4-42FB-A452-FF91DE4135FA



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Let A be a full-rank $m \times n$ real matrix with $m \ge n$.

(a) Show that the system

$$\begin{bmatrix} I & A \\ A^T & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} r \\ x \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} b \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

has a unique solution $(r^T, x^T)^T$.

(b) Show that the x from (a) minimizes $||Ax - b||_2$.

FEAD0434-C6C0-465F-BE72-7667E7F9B9F9



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(a) State the definition of complete orthonormal set in a Hilbert space.

(b) Provide an example of a complete orthonormal set in $L^2((0,1) \times (0,1)).$

9C568A7A-6E51-4546-8B9A-132FB7695666



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5. (10 pts)

Show that the sequence of functions $\{f_n\}_{n\in\mathbb{N}}$, where

$$f_n(x) = \frac{n}{2} e^{-n|x|}, \ x \in \mathbb{R},$$

is a (Dirac) delta sequence.

767CDB30-D29B-4CE8-BECC-7AE1B425F0BD



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Let $K: L^2(0,1) \to L^2(0,1)$ be the following operator:

$$Ku(x) = \int_0^1 u(y) \, dy.$$

(a) Show that K is a self-adjoint compact operator. Provide direct proofs based on the definitions of self-adjointness and compactness of an operator.

Consider the integral equation

$$u(x) - \lambda \int_0^1 u(y) \, dy = f(x),$$

where λ is a real number.

(b) Derive necessary and sufficient conditions on λ and $f \in L^2(0, 1)$ for the existence of solutions for this equation.

(c) Derive necessary and sufficient conditions on λ and $f \in L^2(0, 1)$ for the uniqueness of solutions for this equation. 939257A7-142F-42B6-936E-00C2BDE91570



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1CA96E09-04A1-4E73-B796-E6D8A7E6DD7D



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414A5EF1-88FD-40AE-9DDB-6ABE6BC7437D Applied Math QE I August 2016 #5 3 of 18



1. (10 pts)

The standard five-point stencil approximation of the Laplacian on a square grid using row-by-row ordering takes the block form

$$L = \frac{1}{h^2} \begin{bmatrix} T & I & & \\ I & T & I & \\ & \ddots & \ddots & \ddots & \\ & & I & T & I \\ & & & I & T \end{bmatrix},$$

where h is the space between grid points, I is the identity matrix, and T is the matrix

$$T = \begin{bmatrix} -4 & 1 & & \\ 1 & -4 & 1 & & \\ & \ddots & \ddots & \ddots & \\ & & 1 & -4 & 1 \\ & & & 1 & -4 \end{bmatrix}$$

(a) Show that L is negative semidefinite.

(b) Prove that there exists a constant c > 0 (independent of h) such that every eigenvalue λ of L satisfies $|\lambda| \leq c/h^2$.

144FA141-43C1-499D-920F-CACD65EDBE2A



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2. (10 pts)

Let A be the product

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 0 & 1 \\ 1 & -2 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 3 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ -1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}.$$

(a) Find the four spaces R(A), N(A), $R(A^T)$, $N(A^T)$ (the range and nullspace of A and A^T).

(b) Find the singular values of A.

DB52B174-2283-498C-85C0-E9789FC8AD47



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3. (10 pts)

Let A be a full-rank $m \times n$ real matrix with $m \ge n$.

(a) Show that the system

$$\begin{bmatrix} I & A \\ A^T & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} r \\ x \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} b \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

has a unique solution $(r^T, x^T)^T$.

(b) Show that the x from (a) minimizes $||Ax - b||_2$.

11C6673A-F278-455A-87E2-23E3BB0BA02D



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4. (10 pts)

(a) State the definition of complete orthonormal set in a Hilbert space.

(b) Provide an example of a complete orthonormal set in $L^2((0,1) \times (0,1)).$

7CCCD838-88A7-4D28-9589-99F7E5B86DB2



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5. (10 pts)

Show that the sequence of functions $\{f_n\}_{n\in\mathbb{N}}$, where

$$f_n(x) = \frac{n}{2} e^{-n|x|}, \ x \in \mathbb{R},$$

is a (Dirac) delta sequence.

CA3DDFFA-FDBE-4BDD-8959-4C5DFE8D03F0



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4B5AD376-9D25-4192-BCDD-55396139F2FD Applied Math QE I August 2016 #5 13 of 18



6. (10 pts)

Let $K: L^2(0,1) \to L^2(0,1)$ be the following operator:

$$Ku(x) = \int_0^1 u(y) \, dy.$$

(a) Show that K is a self-adjoint compact operator. Provide direct proofs based on the definitions of self-adjointness and compactness of an operator.

Consider the integral equation

$$u(x) - \lambda \int_0^1 u(y) \, dy = f(x),$$

where λ is a real number.

(b) Derive necessary and sufficient conditions on λ and $f \in L^2(0, 1)$ for the existence of solutions for this equation.

(c) Derive necessary and sufficient conditions on λ and $f \in L^2(0, 1)$ for the uniqueness of solutions for this equation. 78078DAD-0158-4B9D-A830-C3FC9788B4EE



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7538449D-4BD9-46D0-8103-E4E1DAE701E3

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76A9B4BD-B79F-4281-81F0-6851EAD29AB5



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5EEFCDBA-BB09-415C-B5C2-258E284D9D42 Applied Math QE I August 2016 #6 3 of 18



1. (10 pts)

The standard five-point stencil approximation of the Laplacian on a square grid using row-by-row ordering takes the block form

$$L = \frac{1}{h^2} \begin{bmatrix} T & I & & \\ I & T & I & \\ & \ddots & \ddots & \ddots & \\ & & I & T & I \\ & & & I & T \end{bmatrix},$$

where h is the space between grid points, I is the identity matrix, and T is the matrix

$$T = \begin{bmatrix} -4 & 1 & & \\ 1 & -4 & 1 & & \\ & \ddots & \ddots & \ddots & \\ & & 1 & -4 & 1 \\ & & & 1 & -4 \end{bmatrix}$$

(a) Show that L is negative semidefinite.

(b) Prove that there exists a constant c > 0 (independent of h) such that every eigenvalue λ of L satisfies $|\lambda| \leq c/h^2$.

1D1F7475-677F-4E4D-8D3F-BE846BD40EA8



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2. (10 pts)

Let A be the product

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 0 & 1 \\ 1 & -2 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 3 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ -1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}.$$

(a) Find the four spaces R(A), N(A), $R(A^T)$, $N(A^T)$ (the range and nullspace of A and A^T).

(b) Find the singular values of A.

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3. (10 pts)

Let A be a full-rank $m \times n$ real matrix with $m \ge n$.

(a) Show that the system

$$\begin{bmatrix} I & A \\ A^T & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} r \\ x \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} b \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

has a unique solution $(r^T, x^T)^T$.

(b) Show that the x from (a) minimizes $||Ax - b||_2$.





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4. (10 pts)

(a) State the definition of complete orthonormal set in a Hilbert space.

(b) Provide an example of a complete orthonormal set in $L^2((0,1) \times (0,1)).$

72FBE082-75AA-4E60-8FCF-C3AEDD3F1A52



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5. (10 pts)

Show that the sequence of functions $\{f_n\}_{n\in\mathbb{N}}$, where

$$f_n(x) = \frac{n}{2} e^{-n|x|}, \ x \in \mathbb{R},$$

is a (Dirac) delta sequence.

DD3942BE-81C3-4DBD-8645-59F367D76883



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6. (10 pts)

Let $K: L^2(0,1) \to L^2(0,1)$ be the following operator:

$$Ku(x) = \int_0^1 u(y) \, dy.$$

(a) Show that K is a self-adjoint compact operator. Provide direct proofs based on the definitions of self-adjointness and compactness of an operator.

Consider the integral equation

$$u(x) - \lambda \int_0^1 u(y) \, dy = f(x),$$

where λ is a real number.

(b) Derive necessary and sufficient conditions on λ and $f \in L^2(0, 1)$ for the existence of solutions for this equation.

(c) Derive necessary and sufficient conditions on λ and $f \in L^2(0, 1)$ for the uniqueness of solutions for this equation. 5FB530B7-EC63-4423-B096-8DF0BBFA7138



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No references are to be used during the exam.

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69D96280-E33B-48C7-9DCA-2DAA34E5B237 Applied Math QE I August 2016 #7 3 of 18



1. (10 pts)

The standard five-point stencil approximation of the Laplacian on a square grid using row-by-row ordering takes the block form

$$L = \frac{1}{h^2} \begin{bmatrix} T & I & & \\ I & T & I & \\ & \ddots & \ddots & \ddots & \\ & & I & T & I \\ & & & I & T \end{bmatrix},$$

where h is the space between grid points, I is the identity matrix, and T is the matrix

$$T = \begin{bmatrix} -4 & 1 & & \\ 1 & -4 & 1 & & \\ & \ddots & \ddots & \ddots & \\ & & 1 & -4 & 1 \\ & & & 1 & -4 \end{bmatrix}$$

(a) Show that L is negative semidefinite.

(b) Prove that there exists a constant c > 0 (independent of h) such that every eigenvalue λ of L satisfies $|\lambda| \leq c/h^2$.

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Let A be the product

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 0 & 1 \\ 1 & -2 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 3 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ -1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}.$$

(a) Find the four spaces R(A), N(A), $R(A^T)$, $N(A^T)$ (the range and nullspace of A and A^T).

(b) Find the singular values of A.

262E5081-C65E-4BD1-87B9-E2936D39EA2D



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Let A be a full-rank $m \times n$ real matrix with $m \ge n$.

(a) Show that the system

$$\begin{bmatrix} I & A \\ A^T & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} r \\ x \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} b \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

has a unique solution $(r^T, x^T)^T$.

(b) Show that the x from (a) minimizes $||Ax - b||_2$.

56547626-FC6A-4456-8485-A6CC649295CB



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(a) State the definition of complete orthonormal set in a Hilbert space.

(b) Provide an example of a complete orthonormal set in $L^2((0,1) \times (0,1)).$

649200B6-B582-4181-A426-BD1A1FFF4F31



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Show that the sequence of functions $\{f_n\}_{n\in\mathbb{N}}$, where

$$f_n(x) = \frac{n}{2} e^{-n|x|}, \ x \in \mathbb{R},$$

is a (Dirac) delta sequence.

BE3A08BE-61C3-4C22-94A2-E74505AFD191



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Let $K: L^2(0,1) \to L^2(0,1)$ be the following operator:

$$Ku(x) = \int_0^1 u(y) \, dy.$$

(a) Show that K is a self-adjoint compact operator. Provide direct proofs based on the definitions of self-adjointness and compactness of an operator.

Consider the integral equation

$$u(x) - \lambda \int_0^1 u(y) \, dy = f(x),$$

where λ is a real number.

(b) Derive necessary and sufficient conditions on λ and $f \in L^2(0, 1)$ for the existence of solutions for this equation.

(c) Derive necessary and sufficient conditions on λ and $f \in L^2(0, 1)$ for the uniqueness of solutions for this equation. FC615657-099E-4677-8215-608DD911AF93



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No references are to be used during the exam.

772D1010-C45B-442F-8132-0D72E0650627



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A8146BFC-3D85-4482-9A39-466A907B381D Applied Math QE I August 2016 #8 3 of 18



1. (10 pts)

The standard five-point stencil approximation of the Laplacian on a square grid using row-by-row ordering takes the block form

$$L = \frac{1}{h^2} \begin{bmatrix} T & I & & \\ I & T & I & \\ & \ddots & \ddots & \ddots & \\ & & I & T & I \\ & & & I & T \end{bmatrix},$$

where h is the space between grid points, I is the identity matrix, and T is the matrix

$$T = \begin{bmatrix} -4 & 1 & & & \\ 1 & -4 & 1 & & \\ & \ddots & \ddots & \ddots & \\ & & 1 & -4 & 1 \\ & & & 1 & -4 \end{bmatrix}$$

(a) Show that L is negative semidefinite.

(b) Prove that there exists a constant c > 0 (independent of h) such that every eigenvalue λ of L satisfies $|\lambda| \leq c/h^2$.

6C7B8DA0-580C-4DC2-AEEC-BA6753DEDD6B



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Let A be the product

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 0 & 1 \\ 1 & -2 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 3 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ -1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}.$$

(a) Find the four spaces R(A), N(A), $R(A^T)$, $N(A^T)$ (the range and nullspace of A and A^T).

(b) Find the singular values of A.

61B8A3FF-7E48-48A8-A80A-77D9A7DBEF6B



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3. (10 pts)

Let A be a full-rank $m \times n$ real matrix with $m \ge n$.

(a) Show that the system

$$\begin{bmatrix} I & A \\ A^T & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} r \\ x \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} b \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

has a unique solution $(r^T, x^T)^T$.

(b) Show that the x from (a) minimizes $||Ax - b||_2$.

44B35E62-4079-4DA1-B52A-217E87F3AA6D



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79479DDD-64F9-497D-8DB7-905FC033565A Applied Math QE I August 2016 #8 9 of 18



4. (10 pts)

(a) State the definition of complete orthonormal set in a Hilbert space.

(b) Provide an example of a complete orthonormal set in $L^2((0,1) \times (0,1)).$

15B859DD-596D-42C5-942C-A79BBE976852



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Show that the sequence of functions $\{f_n\}_{n\in\mathbb{N}}$, where

$$f_n(x) = \frac{n}{2} e^{-n|x|}, \ x \in \mathbb{R},$$

is a (Dirac) delta sequence.

71288F7C-305E-494A-8244-ADE573A474CC



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Let $K: L^2(0,1) \to L^2(0,1)$ be the following operator:

$$Ku(x) = \int_0^1 u(y) \, dy.$$

(a) Show that K is a self-adjoint compact operator. Provide direct proofs based on the definitions of self-adjointness and compactness of an operator.

Consider the integral equation

$$u(x) - \lambda \int_0^1 u(y) \, dy = f(x),$$

where λ is a real number.

(b) Derive necessary and sufficient conditions on λ and $f \in L^2(0, 1)$ for the existence of solutions for this equation.

(c) Derive necessary and sufficient conditions on λ and $f \in L^2(0, 1)$ for the uniqueness of solutions for this equation. DBB51241-3567-4A03-B910-7E6F0A5344D3



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No references are to be used during the exam.

EB45D6A1-E226-4D60-B3BC-5E4B206166A7



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86B78702-A277-4F13-85A1-7ADE3CA297F1 Applied Math QE I August 2016 #9 3 of 18



1. (10 pts)

The standard five-point stencil approximation of the Laplacian on a square grid using row-by-row ordering takes the block form

$$L = \frac{1}{h^2} \begin{bmatrix} T & I & & \\ I & T & I & \\ & \ddots & \ddots & \ddots & \\ & & I & T & I \\ & & & I & T \end{bmatrix},$$

where h is the space between grid points, I is the identity matrix, and T is the matrix

$$T = \begin{bmatrix} -4 & 1 & & & \\ 1 & -4 & 1 & & \\ & \ddots & \ddots & \ddots & \\ & & 1 & -4 & 1 \\ & & & 1 & -4 \end{bmatrix}$$

(a) Show that L is negative semidefinite.

(b) Prove that there exists a constant c > 0 (independent of h) such that every eigenvalue λ of L satisfies $|\lambda| \leq c/h^2$.

8F63FBDD-D743-4CE0-8AAB-B9179C729F89



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2. (10 pts)

Let A be the product

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 0 & 1 \\ 1 & -2 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 3 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ -1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}.$$

(a) Find the four spaces R(A), N(A), $R(A^T)$, $N(A^T)$ (the range and nullspace of A and A^T).

(b) Find the singular values of A.

1FEAE969-A0C0-4518-AAF3-29ACF23A4E1D



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3. (10 pts)

Let A be a full-rank $m \times n$ real matrix with $m \ge n$.

(a) Show that the system

$$\begin{bmatrix} I & A \\ A^T & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} r \\ x \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} b \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

has a unique solution $(r^T, x^T)^T$.

(b) Show that the x from (a) minimizes $||Ax - b||_2$.

CA829C76-DF4D-4BB1-96DD-D682A9018B75



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4. (10 pts)

(a) State the definition of complete orthonormal set in a Hilbert space.

(b) Provide an example of a complete orthonormal set in $L^2((0,1) \times (0,1)).$

AC9315E5-C99E-46E1-923D-6A395C28424E



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5. (10 pts)

Show that the sequence of functions $\{f_n\}_{n\in\mathbb{N}}$, where

$$f_n(x) = \frac{n}{2} e^{-n|x|}, \ x \in \mathbb{R},$$

is a (Dirac) delta sequence.

05B2A6BF-E99F-422F-91C6-AB3E1C18C951



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6. (10 pts)

Let $K: L^2(0,1) \to L^2(0,1)$ be the following operator:

$$Ku(x) = \int_0^1 u(y) \, dy.$$

(a) Show that K is a self-adjoint compact operator. Provide direct proofs based on the definitions of self-adjointness and compactness of an operator.

Consider the integral equation

$$u(x) - \lambda \int_0^1 u(y) \, dy = f(x),$$

where λ is a real number.

(b) Derive necessary and sufficient conditions on λ and $f \in L^2(0, 1)$ for the existence of solutions for this equation.

(c) Derive necessary and sufficient conditions on λ and $f \in L^2(0, 1)$ for the uniqueness of solutions for this equation. 6B684771-70A5-4957-8C20-9F00EF20E560



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No references are to be used during the exam.

AC604518-88C9-4EC0-95FD-F6D7F49F7980



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56F256EE-335D-4805-AE55-0C4D606807E2 Applied Math QE I August 2016 #10 3 of 18



1. (10 pts)

The standard five-point stencil approximation of the Laplacian on a square grid using row-by-row ordering takes the block form

$$L = \frac{1}{h^2} \begin{bmatrix} T & I & & \\ I & T & I & \\ & \ddots & \ddots & \ddots & \\ & & I & T & I \\ & & & I & T \end{bmatrix},$$

where h is the space between grid points, I is the identity matrix, and T is the matrix

$$T = \begin{bmatrix} -4 & 1 & & \\ 1 & -4 & 1 & & \\ & \ddots & \ddots & \ddots & \\ & & 1 & -4 & 1 \\ & & & 1 & -4 \end{bmatrix}$$

(a) Show that L is negative semidefinite.

(b) Prove that there exists a constant c > 0 (independent of h) such that every eigenvalue λ of L satisfies $|\lambda| \leq c/h^2$.

95AB4138-EA0B-4477-98C2-6E722F8825F7



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2. (10 pts)

Let A be the product

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 0 & 1 \\ 1 & -2 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 3 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ -1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}.$$

(a) Find the four spaces R(A), N(A), $R(A^T)$, $N(A^T)$ (the range and nullspace of A and A^T).

(b) Find the singular values of A.

561AD8A8-A849-43FF-8609-147CE139D0EA



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3. (10 pts)

Let A be a full-rank $m \times n$ real matrix with $m \ge n$.

(a) Show that the system

$$\begin{bmatrix} I & A \\ A^T & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} r \\ x \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} b \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

has a unique solution $(r^T, x^T)^T$.

(b) Show that the x from (a) minimizes $||Ax - b||_2$.

ECC15492-3D0F-4F90-AE29-DCB43FFE021A



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AEAC53D1-2F76-4717-B29F-146528ED651B Applied Math QE I August 2016 #10 9 of 18



4. (10 pts)

(a) State the definition of complete orthonormal set in a Hilbert space.

(b) Provide an example of a complete orthonormal set in $L^2((0,1) \times (0,1)).$

8EE0C320-9C10-40E4-8F3B-CD3A0066EE13



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5. (10 pts)

Show that the sequence of functions $\{f_n\}_{n\in\mathbb{N}}$, where

$$f_n(x) = \frac{n}{2} e^{-n|x|}, \ x \in \mathbb{R},$$

is a (Dirac) delta sequence.

EB5F0269-8C75-448E-8F97-FC1B0DBB8FD6



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6. (10 pts)

Let $K: L^2(0,1) \to L^2(0,1)$ be the following operator:

$$Ku(x) = \int_0^1 u(y) \, dy.$$

(a) Show that K is a self-adjoint compact operator. Provide direct proofs based on the definitions of self-adjointness and compactness of an operator.

Consider the integral equation

$$u(x) - \lambda \int_0^1 u(y) \, dy = f(x),$$

where λ is a real number.

(b) Derive necessary and sufficient conditions on λ and $f \in L^2(0, 1)$ for the existence of solutions for this equation.

(c) Derive necessary and sufficient conditions on λ and $f \in L^2(0, 1)$ for the uniqueness of solutions for this equation. 6A05227D-2FA7-40CB-ABBA-159DF7F2AE53



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D0AA8FA3-E6DC-43E4-ACAF-3FA1E6F55BB9

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13F1B965-C175-4ED3-AE5B-D2001CD099CA



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CEC47180-0114-40FF-A357-6CA73FF8D61E Applied Math QE I August 2016 #11 3 of 18



1. (10 pts)

The standard five-point stencil approximation of the Laplacian on a square grid using row-by-row ordering takes the block form

$$L = \frac{1}{h^2} \begin{bmatrix} T & I & & \\ I & T & I & \\ & \ddots & \ddots & \ddots & \\ & & I & T & I \\ & & & I & T \end{bmatrix},$$

where h is the space between grid points, I is the identity matrix, and T is the matrix

$$T = \begin{bmatrix} -4 & 1 & & \\ 1 & -4 & 1 & & \\ & \ddots & \ddots & \ddots & \\ & & 1 & -4 & 1 \\ & & & 1 & -4 \end{bmatrix}$$

(a) Show that L is negative semidefinite.

(b) Prove that there exists a constant c > 0 (independent of h) such that every eigenvalue λ of L satisfies $|\lambda| \leq c/h^2$.

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2. (10 pts)

Let A be the product

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 0 & 1 \\ 1 & -2 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 3 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ -1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}.$$

(a) Find the four spaces R(A), N(A), $R(A^T)$, $N(A^T)$ (the range and nullspace of A and A^T).

(b) Find the singular values of A.

DAA1CDCC-3B2C-44E1-B5F4-5BB8FE7562E6



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3. (10 pts)

Let A be a full-rank $m \times n$ real matrix with $m \ge n$.

(a) Show that the system

$$\begin{bmatrix} I & A \\ A^T & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} r \\ x \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} b \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

has a unique solution $(r^T, x^T)^T$.

(b) Show that the x from (a) minimizes $||Ax - b||_2$.

2492AC89-5A0C-4E0D-A9FF-C1B0C5BB4F06



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0B7D7518-6F6C-450A-9349-41F86198BFF1 Applied Math QE I August 2016 #11 9 of 18



4. (10 pts)

(a) State the definition of complete orthonormal set in a Hilbert space.

(b) Provide an example of a complete orthonormal set in $L^2((0,1) \times (0,1)).$

62FBB896-BAF8-4274-AC15-FC96852B27DC



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5. (10 pts)

Show that the sequence of functions $\{f_n\}_{n\in\mathbb{N}}$, where

$$f_n(x) = \frac{n}{2} e^{-n|x|}, \ x \in \mathbb{R},$$

is a (Dirac) delta sequence.

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6. (10 pts)

Let $K: L^2(0,1) \to L^2(0,1)$ be the following operator:

$$Ku(x) = \int_0^1 u(y) \, dy.$$

(a) Show that K is a self-adjoint compact operator. Provide direct proofs based on the definitions of self-adjointness and compactness of an operator.

Consider the integral equation

$$u(x) - \lambda \int_0^1 u(y) \, dy = f(x),$$

where λ is a real number.

(b) Derive necessary and sufficient conditions on λ and $f \in L^2(0, 1)$ for the existence of solutions for this equation.

(c) Derive necessary and sufficient conditions on λ and $f \in L^2(0, 1)$ for the uniqueness of solutions for this equation. 61243FF4-97B2-4A63-825D-9E3A39CD0675



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No references are to be used during the exam.

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1. (10 pts)

The standard five-point stencil approximation of the Laplacian on a square grid using row-by-row ordering takes the block form

$$L = \frac{1}{h^2} \begin{bmatrix} T & I & & \\ I & T & I & \\ & \ddots & \ddots & \ddots & \\ & & I & T & I \\ & & & I & T \end{bmatrix},$$

where h is the space between grid points, I is the identity matrix, and T is the matrix

$$T = \begin{bmatrix} -4 & 1 & & \\ 1 & -4 & 1 & & \\ & \ddots & \ddots & \ddots & \\ & & 1 & -4 & 1 \\ & & & 1 & -4 \end{bmatrix}$$

(a) Show that L is negative semidefinite.

(b) Prove that there exists a constant c > 0 (independent of h) such that every eigenvalue λ of L satisfies $|\lambda| \leq c/h^2$.

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2. (10 pts)

Let A be the product

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 0 & 1 \\ 1 & -2 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 3 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ -1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}.$$

(a) Find the four spaces R(A), N(A), $R(A^T)$, $N(A^T)$ (the range and nullspace of A and A^T).

(b) Find the singular values of A.

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3. (10 pts)

Let A be a full-rank $m \times n$ real matrix with $m \ge n$.

(a) Show that the system

$$\begin{bmatrix} I & A \\ A^T & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} r \\ x \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} b \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

has a unique solution $(r^T, x^T)^T$.

(b) Show that the x from (a) minimizes $||Ax - b||_2$.

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4. (10 pts)

(a) State the definition of complete orthonormal set in a Hilbert space.

(b) Provide an example of a complete orthonormal set in $L^2((0,1) \times (0,1)).$

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5. (10 pts)

Show that the sequence of functions $\{f_n\}_{n\in\mathbb{N}}$, where

$$f_n(x) = \frac{n}{2} e^{-n|x|}, \ x \in \mathbb{R},$$

is a (Dirac) delta sequence.

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6. (10 pts)

Let $K: L^2(0,1) \to L^2(0,1)$ be the following operator:

$$Ku(x) = \int_0^1 u(y) \, dy.$$

(a) Show that K is a self-adjoint compact operator. Provide direct proofs based on the definitions of self-adjointness and compactness of an operator.

Consider the integral equation

$$u(x) - \lambda \int_0^1 u(y) \, dy = f(x),$$

where λ is a real number.

(b) Derive necessary and sufficient conditions on λ and $f \in L^2(0, 1)$ for the existence of solutions for this equation.

(c) Derive necessary and sufficient conditions on λ and $f \in L^2(0, 1)$ for the uniqueness of solutions for this equation. DDE1F9D4-285B-488D-8D0B-BB1B3F1D0F58



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6826FB82-B918-4DE2-AE46-FC4FBEF25700 Applied Math QE I August 2016 #13 3 of 18



1. (10 pts)

The standard five-point stencil approximation of the Laplacian on a square grid using row-by-row ordering takes the block form

$$L = \frac{1}{h^2} \begin{bmatrix} T & I & & \\ I & T & I & \\ & \ddots & \ddots & \ddots & \\ & & I & T & I \\ & & & I & T \end{bmatrix},$$

where h is the space between grid points, I is the identity matrix, and T is the matrix

$$T = \begin{bmatrix} -4 & 1 & & \\ 1 & -4 & 1 & & \\ & \ddots & \ddots & \ddots & \\ & & 1 & -4 & 1 \\ & & & 1 & -4 \end{bmatrix}$$

(a) Show that L is negative semidefinite.

(b) Prove that there exists a constant c > 0 (independent of h) such that every eigenvalue λ of L satisfies $|\lambda| \leq c/h^2$.

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2. (10 pts)

Let A be the product

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 0 & 1 \\ 1 & -2 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 3 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ -1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}.$$

(a) Find the four spaces R(A), N(A), $R(A^T)$, $N(A^T)$ (the range and nullspace of A and A^T).

(b) Find the singular values of A.

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3. (10 pts)

Let A be a full-rank $m \times n$ real matrix with $m \ge n$.

(a) Show that the system

$$\begin{bmatrix} I & A \\ A^T & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} r \\ x \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} b \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

has a unique solution $(r^T, x^T)^T$.

(b) Show that the x from (a) minimizes $||Ax - b||_2$.

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4. (10 pts)

(a) State the definition of complete orthonormal set in a Hilbert space.

(b) Provide an example of a complete orthonormal set in $L^2((0,1) \times (0,1)).$

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5. (10 pts)

Show that the sequence of functions $\{f_n\}_{n\in\mathbb{N}}$, where

$$f_n(x) = \frac{n}{2} e^{-n|x|}, \ x \in \mathbb{R},$$

is a (Dirac) delta sequence.

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6. (10 pts)

Let $K: L^2(0,1) \to L^2(0,1)$ be the following operator:

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(b) Derive necessary and sufficient conditions on λ and $f \in L^2(0, 1)$ for the existence of solutions for this equation.

(c) Derive necessary and sufficient conditions on λ and $f \in L^2(0, 1)$ for the uniqueness of solutions for this equation. 73F5A1F2-E9BA-49FA-B0C4-25FCD564A68E



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84B5DAC2-1074-4A03-AEBC-C11B3969E5E0 Applied Math QE I August 2016 #14 3 of 18



1. (10 pts)

The standard five-point stencil approximation of the Laplacian on a square grid using row-by-row ordering takes the block form

$$L = \frac{1}{h^2} \begin{bmatrix} T & I & & \\ I & T & I & \\ & \ddots & \ddots & \ddots & \\ & & I & T & I \\ & & & I & T \end{bmatrix},$$

where h is the space between grid points, I is the identity matrix, and T is the matrix

$$T = \begin{bmatrix} -4 & 1 & & & \\ 1 & -4 & 1 & & \\ & \ddots & \ddots & \ddots & \\ & & 1 & -4 & 1 \\ & & & 1 & -4 \end{bmatrix}$$

(a) Show that L is negative semidefinite.

(b) Prove that there exists a constant c > 0 (independent of h) such that every eigenvalue λ of L satisfies $|\lambda| \leq c/h^2$.

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2. (10 pts)

Let A be the product

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 0 & 1 \\ 1 & -2 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 3 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ -1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}.$$

(a) Find the four spaces R(A), N(A), $R(A^T)$, $N(A^T)$ (the range and nullspace of A and A^T).

(b) Find the singular values of A.

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3. (10 pts)

Let A be a full-rank $m \times n$ real matrix with $m \ge n$.

(a) Show that the system

$$\begin{bmatrix} I & A \\ A^T & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} r \\ x \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} b \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

has a unique solution $(r^T, x^T)^T$.

(b) Show that the x from (a) minimizes $||Ax - b||_2$.

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4. (10 pts)

(a) State the definition of complete orthonormal set in a Hilbert space.

(b) Provide an example of a complete orthonormal set in $L^2((0,1) \times (0,1)).$

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5. (10 pts)

Show that the sequence of functions $\{f_n\}_{n\in\mathbb{N}}$, where

$$f_n(x) = \frac{n}{2} e^{-n|x|}, \ x \in \mathbb{R},$$

is a (Dirac) delta sequence.

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6. (10 pts)

Let $K: L^2(0,1) \to L^2(0,1)$ be the following operator:

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(c) Derive necessary and sufficient conditions on λ and $f \in L^2(0, 1)$ for the uniqueness of solutions for this equation. A2AA9C54-729F-48E2-92FD-FFF40F638ED3



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1. (10 pts)

The standard five-point stencil approximation of the Laplacian on a square grid using row-by-row ordering takes the block form

$$L = \frac{1}{h^2} \begin{bmatrix} T & I & & \\ I & T & I & \\ & \ddots & \ddots & \ddots & \\ & & I & T & I \\ & & & I & T \end{bmatrix},$$

where h is the space between grid points, I is the identity matrix, and T is the matrix

$$T = \begin{bmatrix} -4 & 1 & & \\ 1 & -4 & 1 & & \\ & \ddots & \ddots & \ddots & \\ & & 1 & -4 & 1 \\ & & & 1 & -4 \end{bmatrix}$$

(a) Show that L is negative semidefinite.

(b) Prove that there exists a constant c > 0 (independent of h) such that every eigenvalue λ of L satisfies $|\lambda| \leq c/h^2$.

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2. (10 pts)

Let A be the product

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 0 & 1 \\ 1 & -2 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 3 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ -1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}.$$

(a) Find the four spaces R(A), N(A), $R(A^T)$, $N(A^T)$ (the range and nullspace of A and A^T).

(b) Find the singular values of A.

FB56142C-9628-4F03-AB18-6842AC4757C7



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3. (10 pts)

Let A be a full-rank $m \times n$ real matrix with $m \ge n$.

(a) Show that the system

$$\begin{bmatrix} I & A \\ A^T & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} r \\ x \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} b \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

has a unique solution $(r^T, x^T)^T$.

(b) Show that the x from (a) minimizes $||Ax - b||_2$.

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4. (10 pts)

(a) State the definition of complete orthonormal set in a Hilbert space.

(b) Provide an example of a complete orthonormal set in $L^2((0,1) \times (0,1)).$

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5. (10 pts)

Show that the sequence of functions $\{f_n\}_{n\in\mathbb{N}}$, where

$$f_n(x) = \frac{n}{2} e^{-n|x|}, \ x \in \mathbb{R},$$

is a (Dirac) delta sequence.

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6. (10 pts)

Let $K: L^2(0,1) \to L^2(0,1)$ be the following operator:

$$Ku(x) = \int_0^1 u(y) \, dy.$$

(a) Show that K is a self-adjoint compact operator. Provide direct proofs based on the definitions of self-adjointness and compactness of an operator.

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where λ is a real number.

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(c) Derive necessary and sufficient conditions on λ and $f \in L^2(0, 1)$ for the uniqueness of solutions for this equation. 8C636D78-F7E5-479F-841D-2B4FA60072BD



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4275F678-33A5-4A3C-8DB3-E3421F730CEC Applied Math QE I August 2016 #16 3 of 18



1. (10 pts)

The standard five-point stencil approximation of the Laplacian on a square grid using row-by-row ordering takes the block form

$$L = \frac{1}{h^2} \begin{bmatrix} T & I & & \\ I & T & I & \\ & \ddots & \ddots & \ddots & \\ & & I & T & I \\ & & & I & T \end{bmatrix},$$

where h is the space between grid points, I is the identity matrix, and T is the matrix

$$T = \begin{bmatrix} -4 & 1 & & & \\ 1 & -4 & 1 & & \\ & \ddots & \ddots & \ddots & \\ & & 1 & -4 & 1 \\ & & & 1 & -4 \end{bmatrix}$$

(a) Show that L is negative semidefinite.

(b) Prove that there exists a constant c > 0 (independent of h) such that every eigenvalue λ of L satisfies $|\lambda| \leq c/h^2$.

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2. (10 pts)

Let A be the product

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 0 & 1 \\ 1 & -2 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 3 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ -1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}.$$

(a) Find the four spaces R(A), N(A), $R(A^T)$, $N(A^T)$ (the range and nullspace of A and A^T).

(b) Find the singular values of A.

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3. (10 pts)

Let A be a full-rank $m \times n$ real matrix with $m \ge n$.

(a) Show that the system

$$\begin{bmatrix} I & A \\ A^T & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} r \\ x \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} b \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

has a unique solution $(r^T, x^T)^T$.

(b) Show that the x from (a) minimizes $||Ax - b||_2$.

499EA3BB-3DA8-483C-A0BD-5D803A9E685F



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4. (10 pts)

(a) State the definition of complete orthonormal set in a Hilbert space.

(b) Provide an example of a complete orthonormal set in $L^2((0,1) \times (0,1)).$

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5. (10 pts)

Show that the sequence of functions $\{f_n\}_{n\in\mathbb{N}}$, where

$$f_n(x) = \frac{n}{2} e^{-n|x|}, \ x \in \mathbb{R},$$

is a (Dirac) delta sequence.

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6. (10 pts)

Let $K: L^2(0,1) \to L^2(0,1)$ be the following operator:

$$Ku(x) = \int_0^1 u(y) \, dy.$$

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(c) Derive necessary and sufficient conditions on λ and $f \in L^2(0, 1)$ for the uniqueness of solutions for this equation. 7541ACC6-A45A-400E-802A-0B4A4626EFD5



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1. (10 pts)

The standard five-point stencil approximation of the Laplacian on a square grid using row-by-row ordering takes the block form

$$L = \frac{1}{h^2} \begin{bmatrix} T & I & & \\ I & T & I & \\ & \ddots & \ddots & \ddots & \\ & & I & T & I \\ & & & I & T \end{bmatrix},$$

where h is the space between grid points, I is the identity matrix, and T is the matrix

$$T = \begin{bmatrix} -4 & 1 & & \\ 1 & -4 & 1 & & \\ & \ddots & \ddots & \ddots & \\ & & 1 & -4 & 1 \\ & & & 1 & -4 \end{bmatrix}$$

(a) Show that L is negative semidefinite.

(b) Prove that there exists a constant c > 0 (independent of h) such that every eigenvalue λ of L satisfies $|\lambda| \leq c/h^2$.

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2. (10 pts)

Let A be the product

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 0 & 1 \\ 1 & -2 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 3 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ -1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}.$$

(a) Find the four spaces R(A), N(A), $R(A^T)$, $N(A^T)$ (the range and nullspace of A and A^T).

(b) Find the singular values of A.

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3. (10 pts)

Let A be a full-rank $m \times n$ real matrix with $m \ge n$.

(a) Show that the system

$$\begin{bmatrix} I & A \\ A^T & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} r \\ x \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} b \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

has a unique solution $(r^T, x^T)^T$.

(b) Show that the x from (a) minimizes $||Ax - b||_2$.

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4. (10 pts)

(a) State the definition of complete orthonormal set in a Hilbert space.

(b) Provide an example of a complete orthonormal set in $L^2((0,1) \times (0,1)).$

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5. (10 pts)

Show that the sequence of functions $\{f_n\}_{n\in\mathbb{N}}$, where

$$f_n(x) = \frac{n}{2} e^{-n|x|}, \ x \in \mathbb{R},$$

is a (Dirac) delta sequence.

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6. (10 pts)

Let $K: L^2(0,1) \to L^2(0,1)$ be the following operator:

$$Ku(x) = \int_0^1 u(y) \, dy.$$

(a) Show that K is a self-adjoint compact operator. Provide direct proofs based on the definitions of self-adjointness and compactness of an operator.

Consider the integral equation

$$u(x) - \lambda \int_0^1 u(y) \, dy = f(x),$$

where λ is a real number.

(b) Derive necessary and sufficient conditions on λ and $f \in L^2(0, 1)$ for the existence of solutions for this equation.

(c) Derive necessary and sufficient conditions on λ and $f \in L^2(0, 1)$ for the uniqueness of solutions for this equation. 1EAC2405-4E33-4586-A226-D6198C7B9BA5



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1. (10 pts)

The standard five-point stencil approximation of the Laplacian on a square grid using row-by-row ordering takes the block form

$$L = \frac{1}{h^2} \begin{bmatrix} T & I & & \\ I & T & I & \\ & \ddots & \ddots & \ddots & \\ & & I & T & I \\ & & & I & T \end{bmatrix},$$

where h is the space between grid points, I is the identity matrix, and T is the matrix

$$T = \begin{bmatrix} -4 & 1 & & & \\ 1 & -4 & 1 & & \\ & \ddots & \ddots & \ddots & \\ & & 1 & -4 & 1 \\ & & & 1 & -4 \end{bmatrix}$$

(a) Show that L is negative semidefinite.

(b) Prove that there exists a constant c > 0 (independent of h) such that every eigenvalue λ of L satisfies $|\lambda| \leq c/h^2$.

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2. (10 pts)

Let A be the product

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 0 & 1 \\ 1 & -2 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 3 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ -1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}.$$

(a) Find the four spaces R(A), N(A), $R(A^T)$, $N(A^T)$ (the range and nullspace of A and A^T).

(b) Find the singular values of A.

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3. (10 pts)

Let A be a full-rank $m \times n$ real matrix with $m \ge n$.

(a) Show that the system

$$\begin{bmatrix} I & A \\ A^T & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} r \\ x \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} b \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

has a unique solution $(r^T, x^T)^T$.

(b) Show that the x from (a) minimizes $||Ax - b||_2$.

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4. (10 pts)

(a) State the definition of complete orthonormal set in a Hilbert space.

(b) Provide an example of a complete orthonormal set in $L^2((0,1) \times (0,1)).$

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5. (10 pts)

Show that the sequence of functions $\{f_n\}_{n\in\mathbb{N}}$, where

$$f_n(x) = \frac{n}{2} e^{-n|x|}, \ x \in \mathbb{R},$$

is a (Dirac) delta sequence.

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6. (10 pts)

Let $K: L^2(0,1) \to L^2(0,1)$ be the following operator:

$$Ku(x) = \int_0^1 u(y) \, dy.$$

(a) Show that K is a self-adjoint compact operator. Provide direct proofs based on the definitions of self-adjointness and compactness of an operator.

Consider the integral equation

$$u(x) - \lambda \int_0^1 u(y) \, dy = f(x),$$

where λ is a real number.

(b) Derive necessary and sufficient conditions on λ and $f \in L^2(0, 1)$ for the existence of solutions for this equation.

(c) Derive necessary and sufficient conditions on λ and $f \in L^2(0, 1)$ for the uniqueness of solutions for this equation. 1C5F2710-A6DF-4E4D-9449-0BD0977C7EB0



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36473D73-6E2B-4DEA-B6F9-9ACECAC8226F Applied Math QE I August 2016 #19 3 of 18



1. (10 pts)

The standard five-point stencil approximation of the Laplacian on a square grid using row-by-row ordering takes the block form

$$L = \frac{1}{h^2} \begin{bmatrix} T & I & & \\ I & T & I & \\ & \ddots & \ddots & \ddots & \\ & & I & T & I \\ & & & I & T \end{bmatrix},$$

where h is the space between grid points, I is the identity matrix, and T is the matrix

$$T = \begin{bmatrix} -4 & 1 & & & \\ 1 & -4 & 1 & & \\ & \ddots & \ddots & \ddots & \\ & & 1 & -4 & 1 \\ & & & 1 & -4 \end{bmatrix}$$

(a) Show that L is negative semidefinite.

(b) Prove that there exists a constant c > 0 (independent of h) such that every eigenvalue λ of L satisfies $|\lambda| \leq c/h^2$.

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2. (10 pts)

Let A be the product

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 0 & 1 \\ 1 & -2 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 3 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ -1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}.$$

(a) Find the four spaces R(A), N(A), $R(A^T)$, $N(A^T)$ (the range and nullspace of A and A^T).

(b) Find the singular values of A.

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3. (10 pts)

Let A be a full-rank $m \times n$ real matrix with $m \ge n$.

(a) Show that the system

$$\begin{bmatrix} I & A \\ A^T & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} r \\ x \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} b \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

has a unique solution $(r^T, x^T)^T$.

(b) Show that the x from (a) minimizes $||Ax - b||_2$.

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4. (10 pts)

(a) State the definition of complete orthonormal set in a Hilbert space.

(b) Provide an example of a complete orthonormal set in $L^2((0,1) \times (0,1)).$

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5. (10 pts)

Show that the sequence of functions $\{f_n\}_{n\in\mathbb{N}}$, where

$$f_n(x) = \frac{n}{2} e^{-n|x|}, \ x \in \mathbb{R},$$

is a (Dirac) delta sequence.

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6. (10 pts)

Let $K: L^2(0,1) \to L^2(0,1)$ be the following operator:

$$Ku(x) = \int_0^1 u(y) \, dy.$$

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(b) Derive necessary and sufficient conditions on λ and $f \in L^2(0, 1)$ for the existence of solutions for this equation.

(c) Derive necessary and sufficient conditions on λ and $f \in L^2(0, 1)$ for the uniqueness of solutions for this equation. F93FA4E1-2986-46EC-BBC6-DBCD3F335638



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0650076C-A897-498B-BD2A-7293034EB4E7 Applied Math QE I August 2016 #20 3 of 18



1. (10 pts)

The standard five-point stencil approximation of the Laplacian on a square grid using row-by-row ordering takes the block form

$$L = \frac{1}{h^2} \begin{bmatrix} T & I & & \\ I & T & I & \\ & \ddots & \ddots & \ddots & \\ & & I & T & I \\ & & & I & T \end{bmatrix},$$

where h is the space between grid points, I is the identity matrix, and T is the matrix

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2. (10 pts)

Let A be the product

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 0 & 1 \\ 1 & -2 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 3 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ -1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}.$$

(a) Find the four spaces R(A), N(A), $R(A^T)$, $N(A^T)$ (the range and nullspace of A and A^T).

(b) Find the singular values of A.

E4ECB694-3F1C-40F5-8131-A4C228D00B57



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3. (10 pts)

Let A be a full-rank $m \times n$ real matrix with $m \ge n$.

(a) Show that the system

$$\begin{bmatrix} I & A \\ A^T & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} r \\ x \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} b \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

has a unique solution $(r^T, x^T)^T$.

(b) Show that the x from (a) minimizes $||Ax - b||_2$.

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4. (10 pts)

(a) State the definition of complete orthonormal set in a Hilbert space.

(b) Provide an example of a complete orthonormal set in $L^2((0,1) \times (0,1)).$

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5. (10 pts)

Show that the sequence of functions $\{f_n\}_{n\in\mathbb{N}}$, where

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is a (Dirac) delta sequence.

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6. (10 pts)

Let $K: L^2(0,1) \to L^2(0,1)$ be the following operator:

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(c) Derive necessary and sufficient conditions on λ and $f \in L^2(0, 1)$ for the uniqueness of solutions for this equation. 11F25BE1-EBD6-42CB-98B7-AD9A1BF5E3BA



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